

1. Figure 1 shows a circuit and the input waveforms. **On the diagram**, draw the waveforms of the outputs C and D. Show the number of gate propagation delays relative to the nearest dashed vertical line. (30 pts)

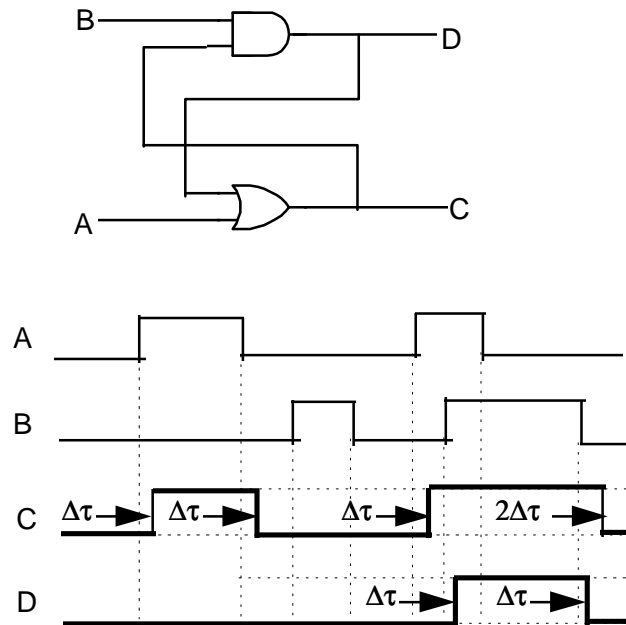
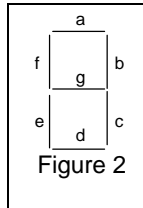


Figure 1

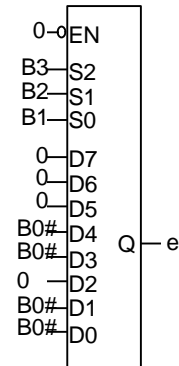
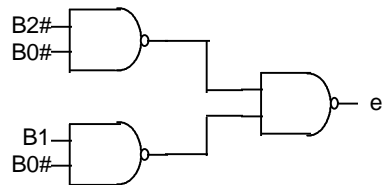
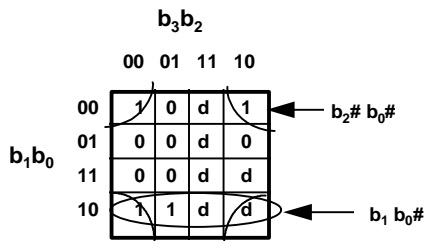
2. Figure 2 shows a 7 segment **DECIMAL** display.

- Draw the truth table for segment "e" as a function of the 4 bits, $b_3b_2b_1b_0$, to represent the **Decimal** digits 0 - 9 and show the canonical sum of products equation. (10 Pts.)
- Use a Karnaugh map to derive the minimal sum of products. (10 Pts.)
- Implement the minimized function using **only** NAND gates (any number of inputs). In answering this question and in part d below you may assume that the inverted forms of the input variables are available and need not show the inverters. (10 Pts.)
- Use an 8 input multiplexer to form a circuit to implement segment "e". (10 Pts.)



b_3	b_2	b_1	b_0	e	b_3	b_2	b_1	b_0	e	b_3	b_2	b_1	b_0	e	b_3	b_2	b_1	b_0	e
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	d
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	d
0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	d	1	1	1	0	d
0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	d	1	1	1	1	d

$$e = b_3\# b_2\# b_1\# b_0\# + b_3\# b_2\# b_1 b_0\# + b_3\# b_2 b_1 b_0\# + b_3 b_2\# b_1\# b_0\#$$



3 A and B are two signed integers in 2's complement format. A is FFE (hexadecimal) and B is BAC (hexadecimal).

- (a.) Convert B to Octal. (5 pts.)
- (b.) Add A and B and show the result in Hexadecimal. (5 pts.)
- (c.) Convert B to decimal. (5 pts.)
- (d.) Convert the decimal number 1234 to the base 5 number system. (5 pts.)
- (e.) Show the IEEE 754 single precision Floating-Point representation of the decimal number -231.65625 (10 Pts.)

(a.) $BAC = 1011\ 1010\ 1100 = 101\ 110\ 101\ 100 = 5654$ Octal

(b.)

$$\begin{array}{r} 101110101100 \\ \underline{111111111110} \\ 101110101010 = BAA \end{array}$$

(c.) BAC is a negative number because the first bit is a 1 therefore use the 2's complement = $010001010100 = 454$ Hex = $4 \times 256 + 5 \times 16 + 4 = 1108$ decimal. The result is therefore -1108.

(d.) $1234/5 = 246\ R = 4$
 $246/5 = 49\ R = 1$
 $49/5 = 9\ R = 4$
 $9/5 = 1\ R = 4$
 $1/5 = 0\ R = 1$
 $1234 = 14414$ Base 5

(e.) $231 = 11100111$ Binary

$0.65625 \times 2 = 1.3125$
$0.3125 \times 2 = 0.625$
$0.625 \times 2 = 1.25$
$0.25 \times 2 = 0.5$
$0.5 \times 2 = 1.0$

$231.65625 = 11100111.10101 = 1.110011110101 \times 2^7$ the exponent excess 127 = $134 = 10000110$

The number is negative so the most significant bit is a 1. Therefore = $1\ 10000110$
 110011110101
 $= C367A800$